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WHEELING, W. VA., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1900.

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KNOCKED IN VAIN AT THE SENATE DOOR.

Senator Quay Refused Admission by the Upper House by a Vote of 33 to 42.

DAY TAKEN UP WITH DEBATE.

Brilliant Efforts in Senator's Behalf by Daniel and Spooner—Deep Attention Given.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 24.—Hon. Matthew S. Quay to-day was refused a seat in the United States senate on the appointment of the governor of Pennsylvania, by a vote of 33 to 42. The entire time of the senate to-day was devoted to debate on the question, many of the greatest lawyers and orators in the body delivering speeches. As the day's session wore on and the hour for the final vote approached, the galleries gradually filled until they were thronged with multitudes, while other multitudes were unable to gain admission. On the floor of the senate was every member of the body now in the city and scores of the house of representatives. The great throng listened with deep attention to the brilliant argument of Mr. Spooner in favor of the seating of the former Pennsylvania senator and to the dramatic and fiery eloquence of Mr. Daniel, (Va.), who appealed to his colleagues to do what, on his oath as a senator, he deemed right, and vote to do justice to him who was knocking at the senate doors.

A Hush in the Chamber.

As the big clock opposite the president pro tempore indicated 4 o'clock, there was a hush in the chamber. Mr. Frye in the chair announced that the hour for the final vote had arrived and that the question was the pending motion of Mr. Chandler to strike out of the resolution declaring Mr. Quay not to be entitled to a seat the word "not." Senators throughout the chamber eagerly followed the roll call, for all knew the vote would be close. The first sensation was caused by the failure of Mr. Pettigrew, of South Dakota, to answer to his name, although he was in his seat. When Mr. Vest's name was called he voted "no" in a clear, distinct voice, thus dashing the last hope of the friends of Mr. Quay who had expected confidently that the distinguished Missourian would vote for his long-time personal friend. In perfect silence it was announced that the senate had denied to Mr. Quay the seat which he had sought for some months past.

The Vote as Announced.

The vote on Mr. Chandler's motion was as follows:

Yeas—Allison, Baker, Carter, Chandler, Clark, (of Wyoming), Cullom, Daniel, Davis, Deboe, Foraker, Frye, Gear, Hammons, Jones, (Nevada), McClellan, McLaurin, Mason, Morgan, Nelson, Penrose, Perkins, Platt, (New York), Scott, Sewell, Shoup, Spooner, Stewart, Sullivan, Tallaferro, Warren, Wetmore, Walcott—32.

Nays—Allen, Bacon, Bard, Bate, Berry, Burrows, Butler, Clay, Cockrell, Culberson, Hale, Harris, Helfferich, Hawley, Jones, (Arkansas), Lindsay, McMillan, Martin, Money, Platt, (Connecticut), Proctor, Quarles, Ross, Simon, Teller, Tillman, Turley, Turner, Vest, Wellington—33.

Hanna Paired With Dewey.

Pairs were announced as follows: The first named in each instance being favorable to Mr. Quay and the second opposed to him: Hitchcock with Gallinger, Dewey with Hanna, Foster with Keam, Lodge with Thurston, Kenney with Caffery, Elkins with Chilton, Fairbanks with Mallory, Hoar with Pettus, Kyle with Rawlins.

The following senators were unpaired: Aldrich, Beveridge, Clark, (Montana), and Pettigrew.

The vote was then taken on the resolution declaring Quay not entitled to a seat.

Resolution declaring Quay not entitled to a seat was carried, 33 to 42. The roll call of the yeas and nays was the same as on the previous call.

Emergency Resolution Adopted.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 24.—The house to-day, Mr. Hill, of Connecticut, alone objecting, adopted the Foraker emergency resolution to continue the present officers in Porto Rico in office under the appointments are made under civil government act as amended by the committee on insular affairs. The amendments require that all franchise laws be approved by the President before they become operative and place certain restrictions upon chartered corporations such as the issuing of stock or bonds except for cash and prohibiting real estate corporations or the holding of real estate by corporations except such as is necessary to carry out the purposes for which they are created. About twenty pages of the Porto Rico appropriation bill were discussed, the only substantial amendment adopted being one to give extra compensation to letter carriers who work in excess of forty-eight hours a week.

MISSIONARY CLAIMS

Will be Paid by Turkey, and Trouble Will Be Averted.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—It can be stated on authority that the negotiations respecting the American missionary claims are progressing in the most satisfactory manner. In the view of the government. The department has received a cablegram announcing that the Porte has undertaken to meet all the obligations made with the United States minister respecting the payment of the claims set up on account of the destruction of the American mission property in Turkey. It is not stated when the payments will be made and it is surmised that owing to the many obligations of greater magnitude pressing upon the Porte, some time may yet elapse before the money is actually in hand.

Pugnacious Lawyer Strikes Witness.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—An exciting encounter occurred at the Cour d'Alene investigation this afternoon

when Bartlett Sinclair, who was on the stand, gave the lie to Attorney Robertson, representing the miners. Robertson sprang for Sinclair, aiming a blow at his head. Several congressmen intervened and held Robertson and Sinclair from coming together. An officer appeared on the scene, but his services were not required, as order had been restored.

NEW ASSISTANT

Secretary of the Interior was Born in Hancock County, This State—Started the First Free School.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—West Virginians will be interested in the appointment of Frank L. Campbell as assistant secretary of the interior, the announcement of which appeared in yesterday's Intelligencer.

Mr. Campbell is fifty-six years old, and resides on Howard avenue, Mount Pleasant. He was born in Hancock county, Virginia, now West Virginia, and was educated in the schools of the neighborhood. He was sent to Washington and Jefferson college, but left college and entered the United States army. He has been a member of Lincoln Post, No. 3, O. A. B., Department of the Potomac, for twenty years. At the close of the war he opened the first free school in West Virginia. After teaching in that state four years he became superintendent of public schools at Marlboro, Ohio, where he also studied law. In 1870 he came to Washington as an employee in the census office, and during his two years' service in that office attended the law school of Columbian University, graduating in 1872.

By way of promotion, he was then transferred to the pension bureau, and after serving as examiner two years and as a member of the board of review four years, was further promoted to the board of pension appeals in the secretary's office, where he remained two years. There he manifested such exceptional legal attainments that he was made an assistant attorney in the office of the assistant attorney general for the interior department, which position he has held for nineteen years, having by promotions, become first assistant attorney at a compensation of \$2,750.

Mr. Campbell has always been an earnest Republican, but his services were of such recognized value that he was retained during the administration of Secretaries Lamar, Vilas, Smith and Francis. He received the Secretary's appointment as a recognition of his sterling integrity and legal and executive ability, and as embodying a high conception of civil service principles. The appointment came to Mr. Campbell as a complete surprise.

AMOUNT OF REVENUE

Collected Under the "War Tax" Act Given Out by Commissioner Wilson in Compliance With the Senate Resolution.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—In obedience to a resolution passed by the senate asking for a statement of the amount of revenue derived from the so-called war revenue act, with a statement showing the total amount of such receipts from the 18th of June, 1898, to the 1st of July, 1900, Commissioner Wilson makes the following reply:

Objects of Taxation.	Amount Collected.
Cigars.....	\$2,329,691
Cigarettes.....	1,441,930
Spuff.....	1,641,281
Tobacco, chewing and smoking.....	25,979,113
Dealers in leaf tobacco.....	12,170,129
Dealers in manufactured tobacco.....	30,153
Manufacturers of tobacco.....	446,760
Miscellaneous collections relating to tobacco.....	73,775
Feinanced license.....	26,396,531
Additional collections on fermented liquors stored in warehouses.....	157,398
Mixed distillates.....	14,154
Bankers, capital not exceeding \$35,000.....	712,428
Bankers, capital exceeding \$35,000.....	6,096,151
For each additional \$1,000 in excess of \$35,000.....	5,696,151
Billiard rooms.....	283,443
Amusement places.....	52,353
Brokers, commercial.....	27,016
Brokers, custom house.....	11,880
Brokers, pawn.....	71,738
Circuses.....	19,628
Exhibitions not otherwise provided for.....	18,739
Theatres, museums and public halls.....	97,729
Legacies.....	2,896,301
Schedule A.....	6,761,777
Schedule B.....	8,053,831
Excise tax on gross receipts.....	1,463,547
Total.....	\$13,405,292

The above statement embraces all the items it is practicable to specify.

WATCH FOR DEWEY.

Paid for by Fifty Thousand School Children of Minnesota.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Admiral Dewey will to-morrow be the recipient of a handsome watch, the gift of 50,000 school children of the northwest. Congressman McCleary will make the formal presentation. The idea of presenting a watch originated in Minneapolis, the contributors being restricted to a donation of one cent each, that the children of the poor might find it no burden to participate in the gift.

The watch is appropriately engraved and the figures on the dial are replaced by the letters in the admiral's name.

Hon. A. B. White and Judge R. H. Blizard are among the prominent West Virginians in the city.

AT THE OLD HOME.

President & Mrs. McKinley Find it Yet the Dearest Spot on Earth to Them.

CANTON, O., April 24.—President and Mrs. McKinley and party arrived in the city at 10:15 o'clock this morning. In deference to the announcement of the President's friends that he came here for rest from public cares and to look after private business, no public demonstration was arranged. But in spite of this there was a large crowd at the station when the train rolled in and lusty cheers went up as the President and Mrs. McKinley stepped from the train.

An informal reception committee was also at the station to bid them welcome. The carriages were driven by the most direct route to the M. C. Barber house, where the party will be during the several days visit in Canton.

The enthusiastic reception at the Canton station was but a continuation of the demonstrations that occurred all along the route from daylight until the train reached its destination. During the early morning hours across the state line in Pennsylvania, crowds gathered at all the small stations.

Across the line in Ohio crowds gathered at every place and the President shook hands with thousands. Before lunch at the Barber residence, Secretary Cortelyou, went to the old McKinley cottage in North Market street, to inspect the repairs and enlargements in progress. He greeted each of the workmen with a hearty handshake, and then, with the contractor, went over the work in detail.

THE CLARION SOUNDED BY MARK HANNA.

Great Administration Demonstration at the Ohio Republican Convention Yesterday.

MCKINLEY'S CHIEF LIEUTENANT

The Central Attraction—Makes a Biting Speech—The President in Touch With His Party.

COLUMBUS, O., April 24.—The state Republican convention made a great administration demonstration here to-day. Usually there is only one keynote speech, that of the temporary chairman, but there were two to-day, and the one that caused more than any other in the history of the Ohio Republicans was by Senator Hanna. It was very much of a Hanna day without dissenting or discordant notes. The senator arrived early in the morning and was engaged all the forenoon in receiving visitors. Several delegations called on him in a body and he responded in short speeches. At the district meetings in the afternoon his friends were selected on the new state committee and all other committees. When Senator Hanna entered the convention hall there was a great demonstration and he was forced to bow acknowledgments from the platform.

Had Two Keynote Speeches.

With two key-note speeches and other proceedings, there was no reference at any time to the currency, the tariff or any former issues. Then Hon. Robert M. Nevin was introduced as the temporary chairman and he made a decisive hit in his forcible delivery and especially in the peculiar emphasis he put on the words "As an admiral," in referring to Dewey.

After the demonstration at the close of his address, Chairman Nevin attempted to proceed with the order of business in calling the congressional districts for their respective selections of members of the committee, but the speaker was interrupted by a personal call. Senator Hanna kept shaking his head. During the day he was worn out by visitors, and had to keep his seat while shaking hands at the hotel with those who kept passing to greet him. The delegates would not listen to the call for business till he had spoken at length. He then spoke as follows:

"I am sorry that I have not the voice to comply with your request and therefore I rise only to express my feelings of gratification at this kind recognition and to echo the sentiment expressed by your chairman, that this convention is a subject of congratulation to the Republicans of Ohio (applause) both as a representative body and in carrying out the spirit of the hour by the expression of good cheer and good sentiment on every side. It augurs well for the Republican party when we find gathered together such a personnel, full of the kind of a spirit that is manifest on all sides in Columbus to-day. And now that we have established the fact that we do know our business (great laughter and cheering) my suggestion is that we proceed to it. (Renewed cheering.) And I would modestly suggest that, from my standpoint, we have plenty of business to do. As your chairman has said, the Republicans of Ohio and the Republicans of the United States are confronted to-day with many new propositions and issues thrown around us like tangled grass in our pathway, by the Democratic party, that manage to raise new issues upon every point of policy made by the government.

Republicans are Fearless.

ment, seeking some issue, some opportunity to manifest their opposition to the policy of the Republican party.

"I say the spirit of the hour is one of utter fearlessness on the part of the Republicans. We are conscious, as your chairman has said, of having fulfilled every promise made. We took this country into our hands and under our care after four years of the greatest vicissitudes through which we have passed in history. At our convention in St. Louis we announced the policy and the doctrine of the Republican party upon which had been built the material interests for twenty odd years.

"The result of our war with Spain was not accidental. The destiny which has been written for this country must be fulfilled in the natural order of things. It was but one step forward in the history of the duty for us to do and no matter what influences may be thrown around us to impede our progress, it cannot and will not stop. (Renewed cheering.)

"I do not care whether you call it imperialism or expansion. The destiny of this country is written in the stars, and the combination of men that attempts by any subterfuge or make-shift in politics to stop the power and progress of this nation, will go down under it just as the Democratic party has gone down (renewed cheering). We are proud of our record; we are proud of our history; we are proud of our opportunity to demonstrate to the world that the policy and business principles of the American people meant the civilization and christianization of the whole world (tremendous cheering). It is that success in material things which gives us the people of the United States the opportunity to accomplish these great results.

"Now that we are embarking in this new policy, and now that we are confronted with the responsibilities which are open to us, we ask the Republican party in Ohio, as we did four years ago, to sound the key-note to the balance of the union; to express her confidence in her great leader, our President (more cheering). His courage during all the dark days of that war and many complications which succeeded it, has never failed for one moment. And in want of impulse that there never has been an hour, not a moment, that he has not been in touch with his party in Washington. (Renewed cheering.) No matter what collateral issues may be arranged in the coming campaign, I know that the people of the United States feel comfortable and confident when they know that William McKinley is at the wheel." (Tremendous cheering.)

The districts were then called for the members of the committee on credentials, rules, order of business, etc.

After announcing that four committees would be reported to complete their work to-night, the convention adjourned until to-morrow.

Wonderful Oil Strike.

ELMIRA, N. Y., April 24.—One of the greatest oil strikes in forty years' history of Pennsylvania oil fields, has been made at the Gaines well No. 3, of the Blossburg Oil Company. It was completed yesterday afternoon and flowed one hundred barrels per hour the first twelve hours. The second well, owned by the same company, produced nine hundred barrels the first twenty-four hours, when oil was struck a few weeks ago.

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SOFT COAL ROADS

Including the Wheeling & Lake Erie, and the C. & W. Assured of Increased Tonnage at the Opening of Navigation.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

NEW YORK, April 24.—A prominent authority to-day said:

The soft coal roads operating in the central west, which include Wheeling & Lake Erie, Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling and the Hocking Valley among the principal ones, are practically assured of a materially increased tonnage with the opening of lake navigation, within a few days.

A soft coal constitutes the major portion of the tonnage hauled over these roads and the condition of rate matters on this class of freight is of great importance. In view of the close relations existing between the principal interests in these roads, it is believed that rates are going to be maintained on a basis unprecedented and that the result will be plainly reflected in the net earnings of different roads.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Jockey Frank O'Leary was killed yesterday at New York, by his horse falling on him.

Congressman J. W. Babcock was unanimously re-nominated yesterday by the Republicans of the third district, in convention, at Baraboo, Wis.

Governor Taylor, of Kentucky, was on the floor of the United States senate Tuesday. He refused to discuss in any way the situation in Kentucky.

The Great Metropolitan stakes, of 1,500 sovereigns, run at Epsom, yesterday, was won by Lord Penrhyn's five-year-old horse, King's Messenger. Fifteen horses ran.

The engagement of Richard Mansfield at Buffalo, has been cancelled. His condition is such that a complete rest will be necessary. He will close his season immediately.

No further rise of waters in the flooded Mississippi districts is expected and the railway officials are now endeavoring to open communication after nearly a week's suspension.

The treasury department has ordered a special agent to proceed to the Pacific coast to investigate the matter of the large influx of Japanese coolies to this country within the last few months.

At a meeting of 1,200 Boer sympathizers held in San Diego, Cal., last night, resolutions were adopted, expressing the hope that the United States would seek by its good offices to end the war.

Methodist ministers from the New York conference will go to Chicago next week to urge before the general conference a revision of the rules prohibiting dancing, card playing and theatre going.

It is hard to make a reliable forecast of the Republican convention at Harrisburg to-day, as few of the leaders are on the ground. It is conceded that the convention will be controlled by the friends of Colonel Quay.

Burglars whose sympathies apparently are with union labor, made a raid early yesterday morning on the office of the industrial union, in Chicago, and carried off every record and book belonging to the organization.

Andrew Stubbs, of Pittston, Pa., was murdered late last night, at Wilkes-barre, while resisting two highwaymen, who rifled his pockets of everything of value. The murderers escaped, leaving no clue to their identity.

The steamer Braemar arrived at quarantine in Victoria, B. C., yesterday, with 1,056 Japanese immigrants, who the Empress of China, due to-morrow, has 600 more, almost all being bound for United States ports, under contract.

Fire started by the explosion of a lamp last night, consumed the American hotel, at Foxburg, Pa.; Thomas Grant's general store; Dale's hardware store; the Allegheny hotel and Johnson's men's furnishing store; loss, \$50,000.

Considerable interest is felt over the appointment of General Rivett as successor at minister of agriculture. The probable selection will be made from Perfecto Lacoste, the present mayor; Manuel Sanguliy, or Alexander Rodriguez.

Count Lavine de Tournouse Lautree, charged by the Montreal authorities with having disposed of forged bonds under the name of V. Castano, was released from custody at Chicago, yesterday, by the city authorities, but was soon after arrested by federal officers.

Investigation of the rumor circulated in London and cabled to the United States, that Mrs. James Brown Potter, having been divorced from her husband by mutual consent, was shortly to be married to Lord Kitchener, of Khartoum, shows the story to be entirely without foundation.

Panuco, Mexico, one of the most important trading towns on the east coast of the republic of Mexico, sixty miles west of the seaport of Tampico, has been entirely destroyed by fire. Panuco is a town of 11,000 persons, on the Panuco river. The loss, it is estimated, aggregated \$2,255,000.

William Kuhn, formerly of Roanoke, Va., and said to be an ex-state senator of Virginia, tried to kill himself and his wife, Lulu, at their home in Philadelphia, last night. He cut his own throat and badly injured his wife in trying to kill her. Both are at the hospital in a serious condition. Family troubles are said to have led to the deed.

In the supreme court of Ohio an opinion was handed down, affirming the decision of the lower courts in the case of Judge Frank Dellenbaugh, of Cleveland, and he stands disbarred from practicing in the courts of Ohio. The ground of the disbarment was that Judge Dellenbaugh shared a fee with an attorney in a case which came before him.

A train of thirty-two freight cars ran away on the mountain grade of the Delaware and Hudson new steam railroad crossing the Hocking mountains near Scranton, Pa., between Carbonado and Honesdale late last night. The engine jumped the track on a sharp curve drawing the train after it. The cars were piled in an indiscriminate heap. An unknown man was killed and several others were injured.

Commissioner Wilson, of the internal revenue bureau, has held that where manufacturers ship stamping packages of oleomargarine on orders of customers and do not take the way bills from the common carrier to these customers, but simply to their own agent who receives and delivers the packages to the persons whose names are found thereon, the manufacturers involve themselves in special tax liability as wholesale dealers at the place where their agent makes these deliveries.

NET SPREAD BY ROBERTS AT WEPENER

Forty Thousand Men and One Hundred and Fifty Guns for Relief of the Besieged City.

BOERS REPULSE BY DALGETY

British Progress Slow on Account of Bad Roads—Gloomy News Comes From General Baden-Powell.

LONDON, April 25, 5 a. m.—The reports that the siege of Wepener had been practically raised were apparently premature. The Boer attack upon Col. Dalgety's northern position as described from Maseru, was probably a final attempt to rush the garrison before securing a safe retreat, and, as Colonel Dalgety successfully repulsed the attack, little further anxiety is felt on his account.

Lord Roberts has now spread a net with some 40,000 or more men, and 150 guns, covering the whole western semicircle around Wepener, while General Hamilton has occupied the water works, practically without opposition. The seventh division, under General Tucker, assisted by naval guns, has made a demonstration from Kares Siding, the Boers showing some opposition. At the same time a brigade moved out from Glen to take up a position on a range of hills at Gennaadenle, north of the Modder. The water works were found undamaged, with the exception of the removal of the sliding valves of the pumping engines.

Boers Must Risk an Encounter.

The Boers can now only escape, without risking an encounter, northward to Ladybrand, and the chance of a successful outcome of the plans of Lord Roberts depends on whether the British troops can reach Taabana N'Chu and Ladybrand before the retreating commandos from DeWetsdorp and Wepener.

All the correspondents report that the roads are in a terrible condition, which accounts for the slow progress of the British columns, and if the Boers are well informed of the British plans, as they have hitherto been, they are likely again to escape.

It is now within three weeks of the date predicted for the British occupation of Pretoria and although the present operations, as suggested in some quarters, may be the beginning of the main advance, it is not certain that they will not entail a further halt at Bloemfontein.

Communicate With Wepener.

LONDON, April 24, 11:45 p. m.—The war office issues the following from Lord Roberts:

"BLOEMFONTEIN, April 24.—Generalis Brabant and Hart yesterday turned the position occupied by the enemy, who tried to prevent their moving northward, and got in holo-graph communication with Colonel Dalgety, commandant of the besieged garrison at Wepener, who reported all well.

"General Brabant has three wounded, one missing. Three were wounded on the previous day. The border regiment had seven wounded.

"At 1 p. m. yesterday, Brabant and Hart were eight miles south of Wepener. The eleventh division, under General Pole-Carew and General French's two brigades of cavalry reached Tweede Celuk yesterday afternoon without having met serious opposition."

Boers Attack Col. Dalgety.

MASERU, Basutoland, Tuesday, April 24.—The Boers severely attacked Col. Dalgety's northern position, facing Bokpoort, action, under whose fire they made a determined advance. The British returned a heavy fire, before which the Boers recoiled, after extending across the flats and maintaining a continuous long range fusillade for some hours.

Artillery can be heard in the direction of DeWets's Dorp, but there is no sign that the British relief column in that quarter has advanced farther. The natives report that another British force has been detached from Bloemfontein. If so the position of the Boers around Wepener is precarious.

People Hard to Cheer.

LONDON, April 25.—The Mafeking correspondent of the Times telegraphing, Monday, April 23, gives a gloomy account of the depression, due to the probability of the siege lasting until the end of May, and says: "It is hard to accept Colonel Baden-Powell's efforts to cheer the people by optimistic predictions in the absence of any sign of relief."

The Number Killed.

LONDON, April 24.—An official list of the British losses at Wepener from April 9 to April 18, show: Killed, three officers and eighteen men.

Wounded, fourteen officers and eighty-six men.

BOTTLE MANUFACTURERS

Meet and Agree on a General Advance in Price.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 24.—The executive committee of the National Flint Bottle Manufacturers' Association and the Eastern Vial and Bottle Manufacturers' Association, at a meeting to-day, preliminary to the point meeting of the associations to-morrow, perfected a uniform price list to govern both eastern and western associations. This list will be recommended for adoption to-morrow. It makes a general advance ranging between 5 and 10 per cent.

Wood Iron Company Absorbed.

PITTSBURGH, April 24.—The American Steel Sheet Company has absorbed the W. Dewees Wood Iron Company of this city, one of the largest independent concerns in the country. Under the agreement entered into the combine will not establish another works in the country to manufacture the same material as the Wood's plant. The combine will take charge of the works on the 1st of May.

NOT SATISFACTORY

To the Public Was the Verdict in the Cramblett Murder Case—Opinion is the Crime was Committed by Another.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

STUEBENVILLE, O., April 24.—Although nearly three weeks have passed since a jury found Quincy Cramblett guilty in the first degree for the murder of James H. Gosnell, his sweetheart's father, the question does not seem to have been settled to the satisfaction of nine-tenths of the citizens of this county. Although there has been a recent foul murder here, it was passed up by the public in twenty-four hours, in favor of the Cramblett case. The public cannot understand how the jury reached the conclusion it did, the evidence being purely circumstantial. The general opinion is that the crime was committed by another, but that reward hunters patched together enough circumstances and conversations to make a case against Cramblett. The outcome of the case has attracted attention in other counties in eastern Ohio, as people did not believe Cramblett guilty and attorneys who were surprised at the verdict are inquiring how it was done.

One jurymen said he decided on the man's guilt because of a matter the judge said should not be considered. Another jurymen says had he known how the public felt he would have brought in another kind of verdict. Many leading lawyers at the bar here, when the state rested during the trial, told the defendant's attorneys that a case had not been made and they need not put on a witness. Judge Mansfield is considering whether to grant a new trial.

DELEGATES SELECTED

By Gov. Atkinson to the National Conference of Charities.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., April 24.—The governor to-day appointed the following delegates to the national conference of charities and corrections, at Topeka, May 18 to 24: Rev. D. W. Comstock, Charleston; Leander S. Ballard, Bald Knob; Henry A. Robinson, Frankford; R. D. Kidd, Glenville; William Dunnington, Weston; A. J. Clarke, Wheeling; Mrs. Elizabeth Cloban, Salem; J. C. Gluck, Trouton; William J. Bury, Moundsville; J. A. Browning, of Madison, was appointed a delegate to the international mining congress at Milwaukee, June 19th to 23rd.

TURNED DOWN BY ONE

Miss Reed Marries Another Professor at Mingo Junction.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

STUEBENVILLE, O., April 24.—Prof. L. W. McElroy, of Mingo Junction, and Miss Ida M. Reed were married this evening, by Rev. Platts. Miss Reed was plaintiff recently in a breach of promise case against Prof. J. H. Lowry, in which she secured a verdict for \$5,000.

Object to a Second Track.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

STUEBENVILLE, Ohio, April 24.—Serious complications are arising over the attempt of the Mingo-Stuebenville Street Railway Company to lay a second track on Lincoln avenue, and the police stopped the work this afternoon, under a city ordinance, which requires permission of the city commissioners to dig up the streets. An injunction may be gotten out. The citizens object to a second track on the boulevard and ask the street railway companies to enter into arrangements to use a single track.